

Measurements of Exclusive ϕ Production in Hall C at Jefferson Lab

Eric Fuchey

College of William & Mary

**Towards Improved Hadron Femtography
with Exclusive Reactions Workshop V
Charlottesville, July 20th, 2026**



Exclusive ϕ Electroproduction

Gravitational Form Factors

- Proton mechanical structure defined via the QCD Energy-Momentum Tensor
- Gravitational Form Factors: information about matrix elements of the QCD EMT

EMT operators

$$\langle p', s' | \hat{T}_{\mu\nu}^a(x) | p, s \rangle = \bar{u}' \left[A^a(t) \frac{\gamma_{\{\mu} P_{\nu\}}}{2} + B^a(t) \frac{i P_{\{\mu} \sigma_{\nu\}}{}_{\rho} \Delta^{\rho}}{4m} + D^a(t) \frac{\Delta_{\mu} \Delta_{\nu} - g_{\mu\nu} \Delta^2}{4m} + m \bar{c}^a(t) g_{\mu\nu} \right] u e^{i(p'-p)x}$$

Form Factors

Energy density

T^{00}

Energy flux

Momentum density

T^{01}	T^{02}	T^{03}
T^{11}	T^{12}	T^{13}
T^{21}	T^{22}	T^{23}
T^{31}	T^{32}	T^{33}

Momentum flux

Shear stress

Normal stress (pressure)

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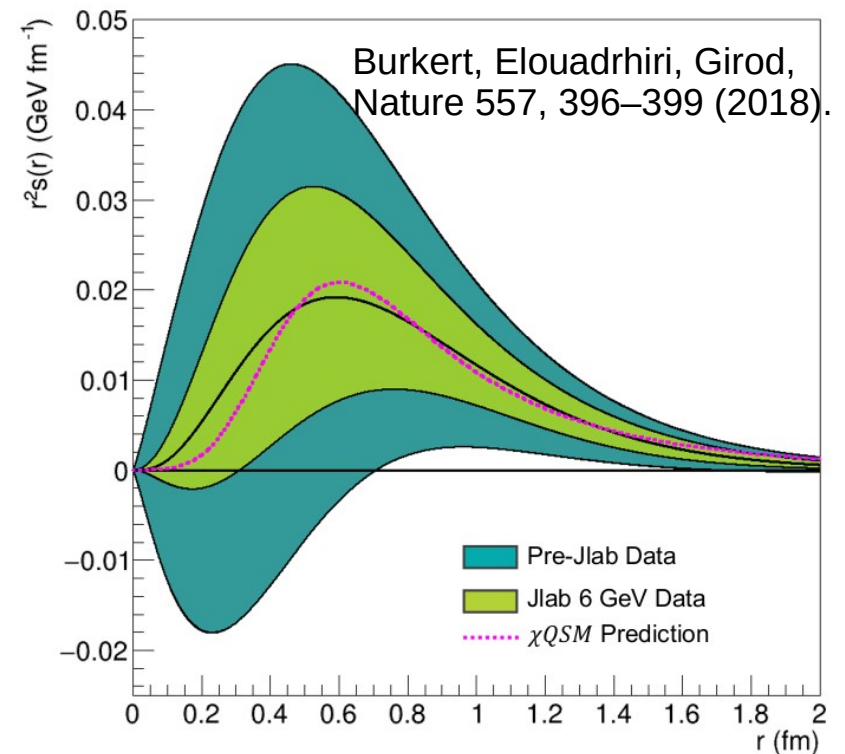
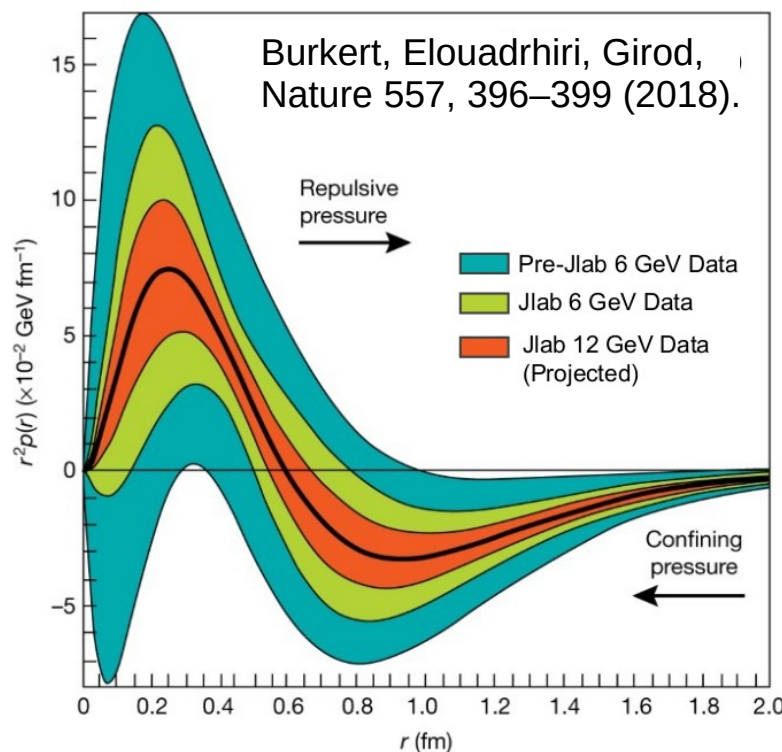
$$\langle p', s' | \hat{T}_{\mu\nu}^a(x) | p, s \rangle = \bar{u}' \left[A^a(t) \frac{\gamma_{\{\mu} P_{\nu\}}}{2} + B^a(t) \frac{i P_{\{\mu} \sigma_{\nu\} \rho} \Delta^\rho}{4m} + D^a(t) \frac{\Delta_\mu \Delta_\nu - g_{\mu\nu} \Delta^2}{4m} + m \bar{c}^a(t) g_{\mu\nu} \right] u e^{i(p'-p)x}$$

- $A(t=0)$, $B(t=0)$, $\bar{c}(t=0)$ well constrained experimentally, $D(t=0)$ / D -term isn't;
- D -term provides access to fundamental mechanical properties of the proton

Exclusive ϕ Electroproduction

Gravitational Form Factors

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- Gravitational Form Factors: information about matrix elements of the QCD EMT
 - $A(t=0)$, $B(t=0)$, $\bar{c}(t=0)$ well constrained experimentally, $D(t=0)$ / D -term isn't;
 - D -term provides access to fundamental mechanical properties of the proton:
 - ◆ Pressure, Shear force, tangential, normal forces
 - ◆ Existing estimations : DVCS with u , d , contributions to D -term



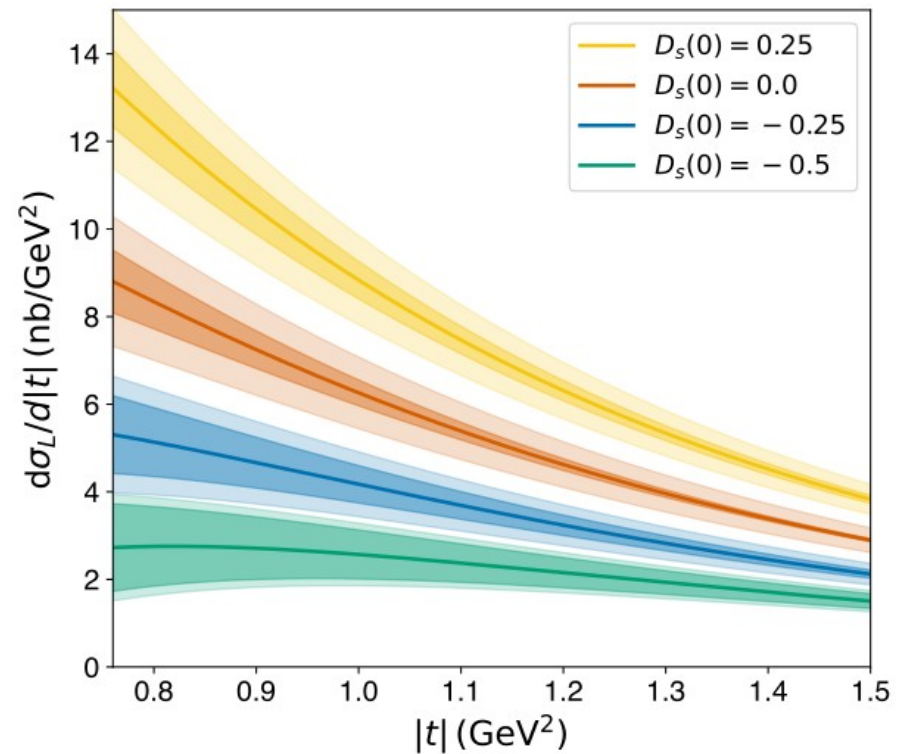
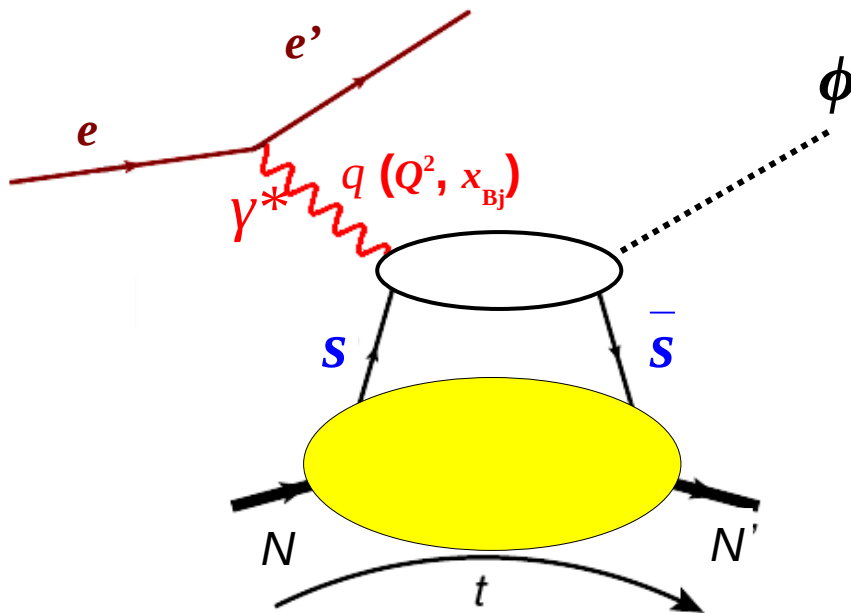
Exclusive ϕ Electroproduction

Gravitational Form Factors

- ϕ measurements provides contributions to D -term ($s, \dots$) not accessible via DVCS

Hatta, Klest et al, Progress of Theoretical and Experimental Physics, (2025)

<https://doi.org/10.1093/ptep/ptaf076>



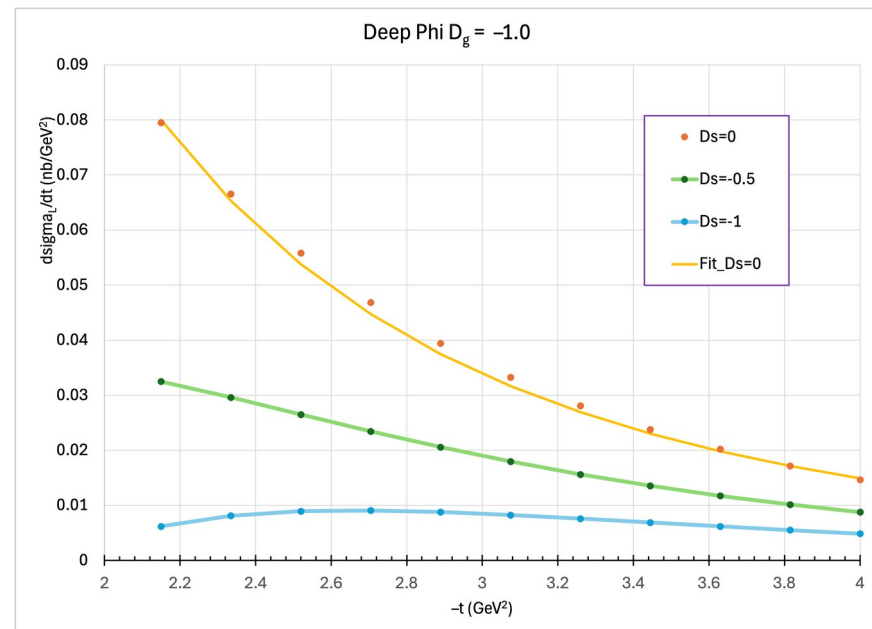
Exclusive ϕ Electroproduction

Gravitational Form Factors

- ϕ measurements provides contributions to D -term ($s, \dots$) not accessible via DVCS
- S.Goloskokov, P.Kroll, EurPhysJ C 50, 829–842 (2007)
 - In DVES kinematics (well above threshold) σ_L dominated by gluon GPDs
 - Important contributions from σ_T in JLab kinematics
- Hatta, Klest et al, Progress of Theoretical and Experimental Physics, (2025)

<https://doi.org/10.1093/ptep/ptaf076>

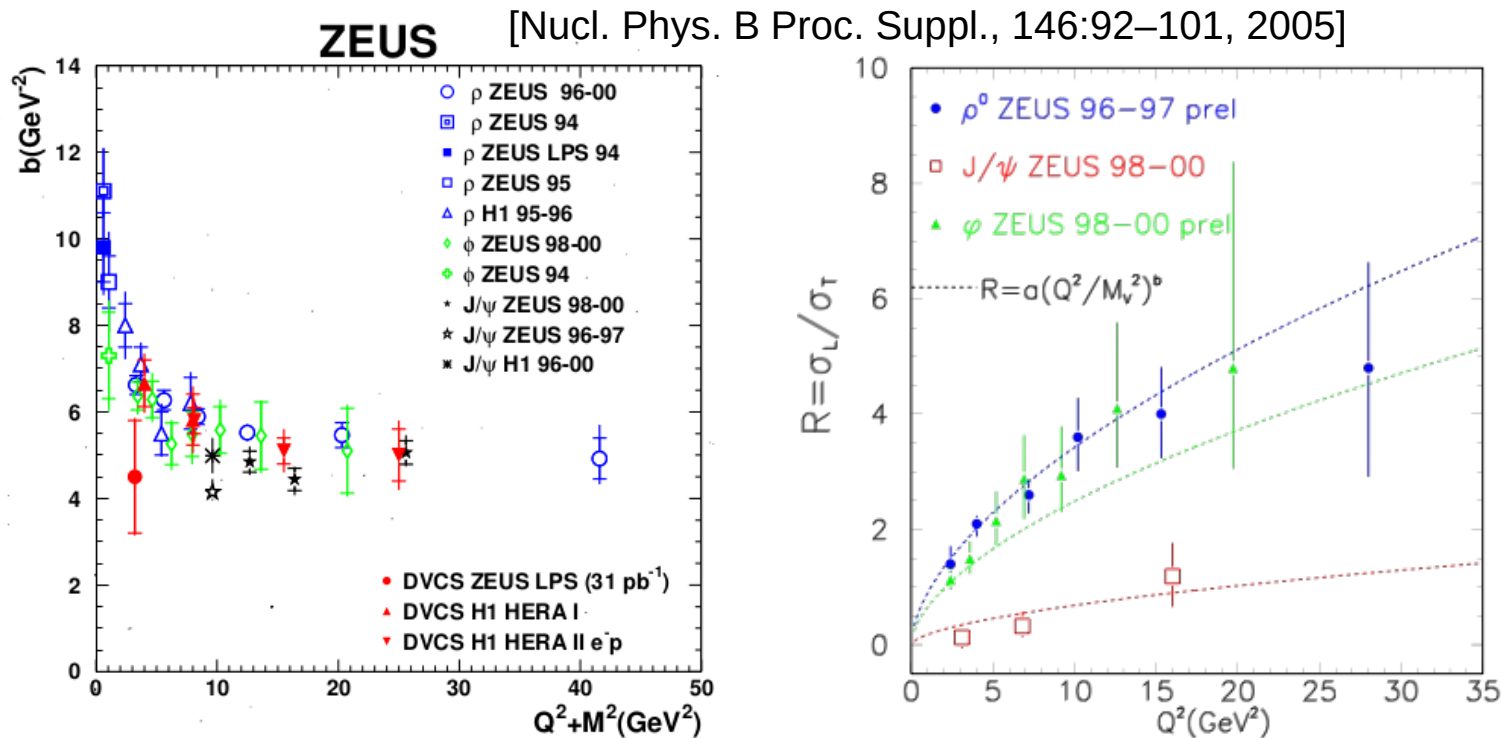
□ Near threshold,
Contributions of gluon +
strange D -terms to σ_L ,
 $Q^2 = 9 \text{ GeV}^2$, $W = 2.2 \text{ GeV}$



Exclusive ϕ Electroproduction

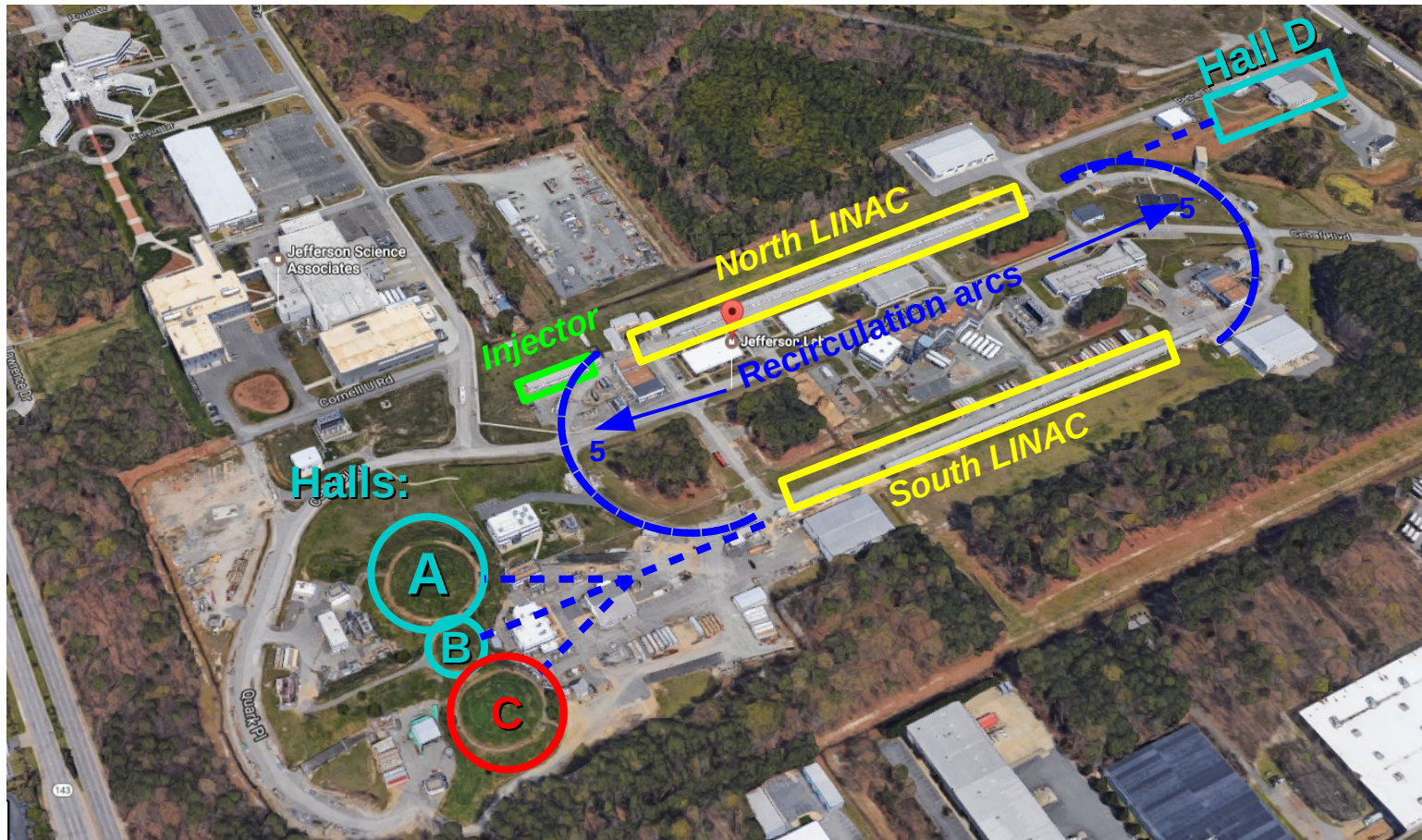
“Universality” of Vector meson processes at higher Q^2 , lower x_{Bj}

- Hera measurements:
 - universal scaling of vector mesons at high Q^2 , low x_{Bj}
 - ϕ , J/ψ , subject to comparable dynamics at similar perturbative scale
 - *can be compared at Jefferson Lab kinematics (high x_{Bj}) to near-threshold J/ψ*



Jefferson Lab

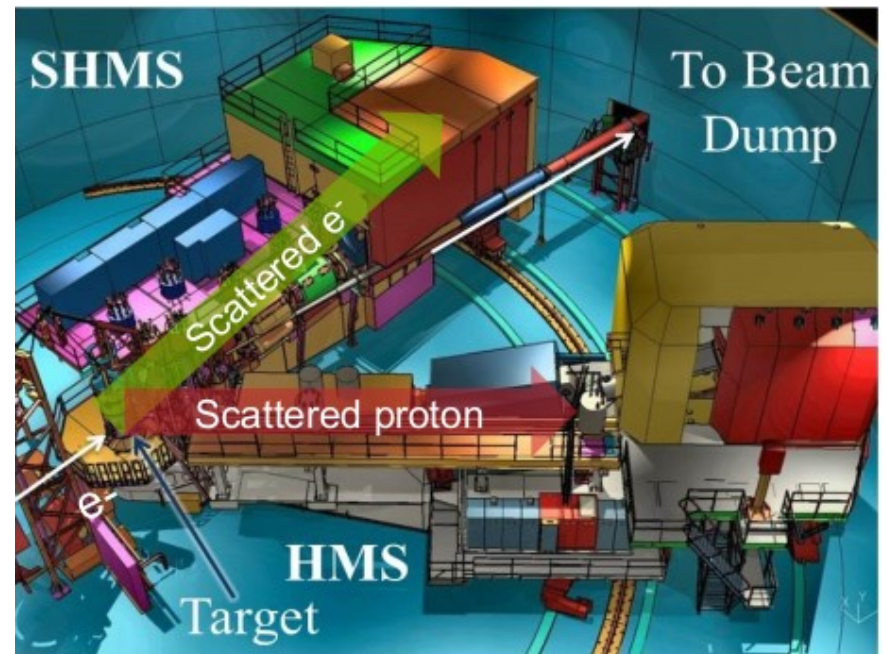
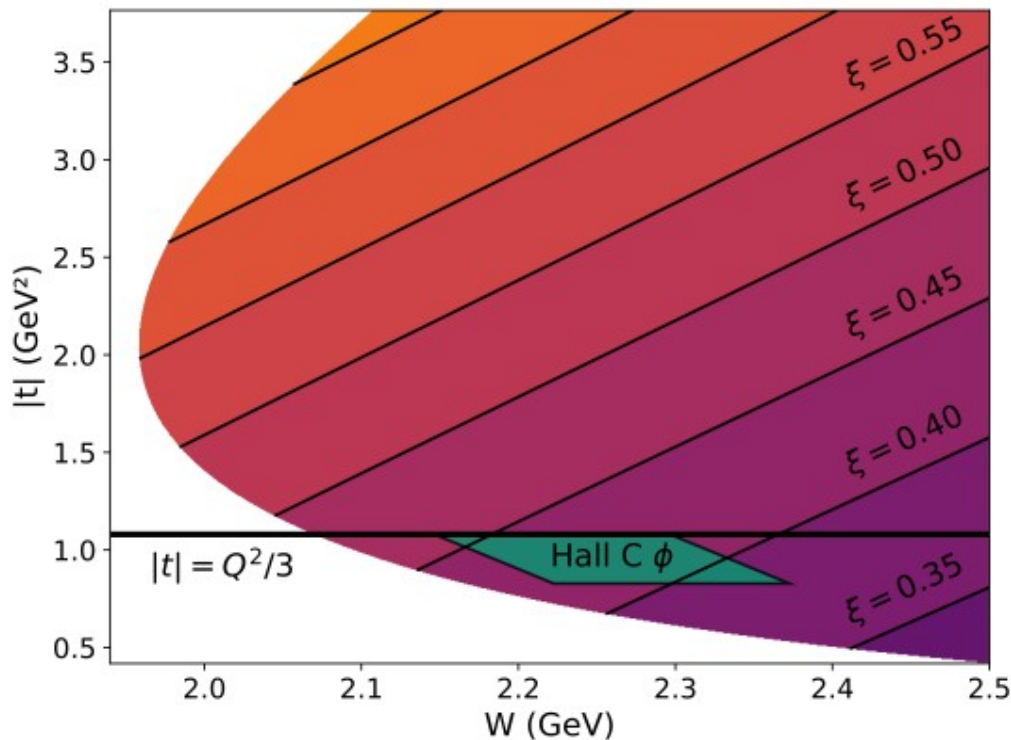
- High intensity, continuous wave electron beam machine
 - $E_{\text{max}} = 11 \text{ GeV}$ (for electrons)
 - $I_{\text{max}} \sim 75 \text{ uA}$, polarization $> 80 \%$



Proposed Measurements at Jefferson Lab

Exclusive- ϕ Experiment with HMS/SHMS

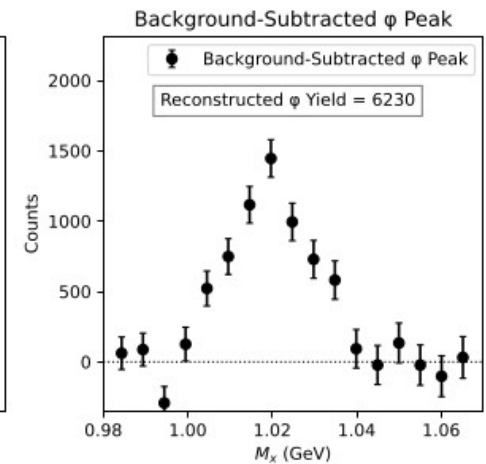
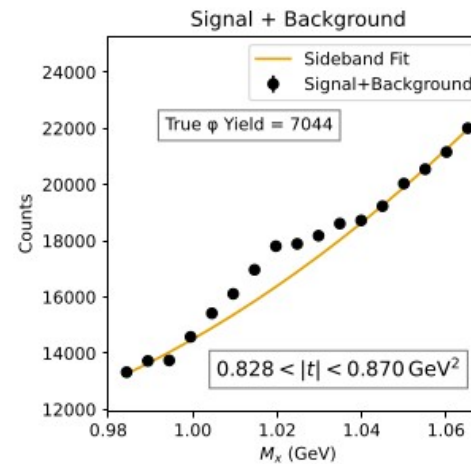
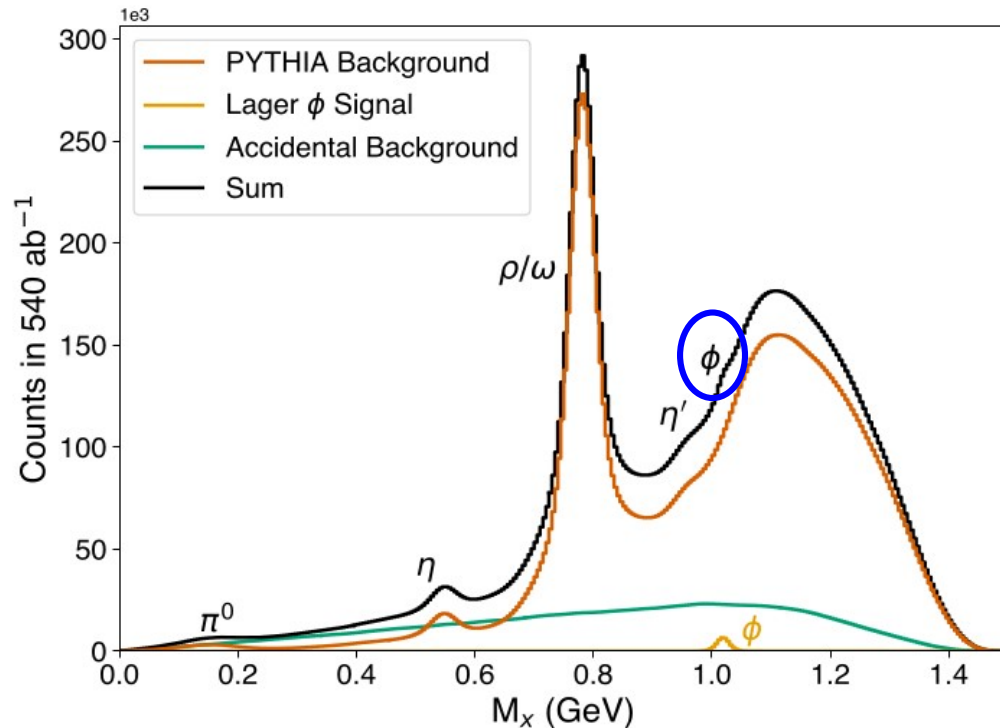
- Deep- ϕ measurement E12-25-007 (H. Klest, S. Joosten, H. Szumila-Vance)
 - Goal : measure strangeness contribution of D -term
 - kinematic constraints: $|t| < Q^2/3$, $W \sim W_{\phi th}$, $\xi > 0.4$.
 - Measurement of $H(e, e'_{SMHS} p_{MHS})\phi$ at $Q^2 = 3.4 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - ◆ SHMS @ 13° , 6.7 GeV/c
 - ◆ HMS @ 32° , 1.1 GeV/c



Proposed Measurements at Jefferson Lab

Exclusive- ϕ Experiment with HMS/SHMS

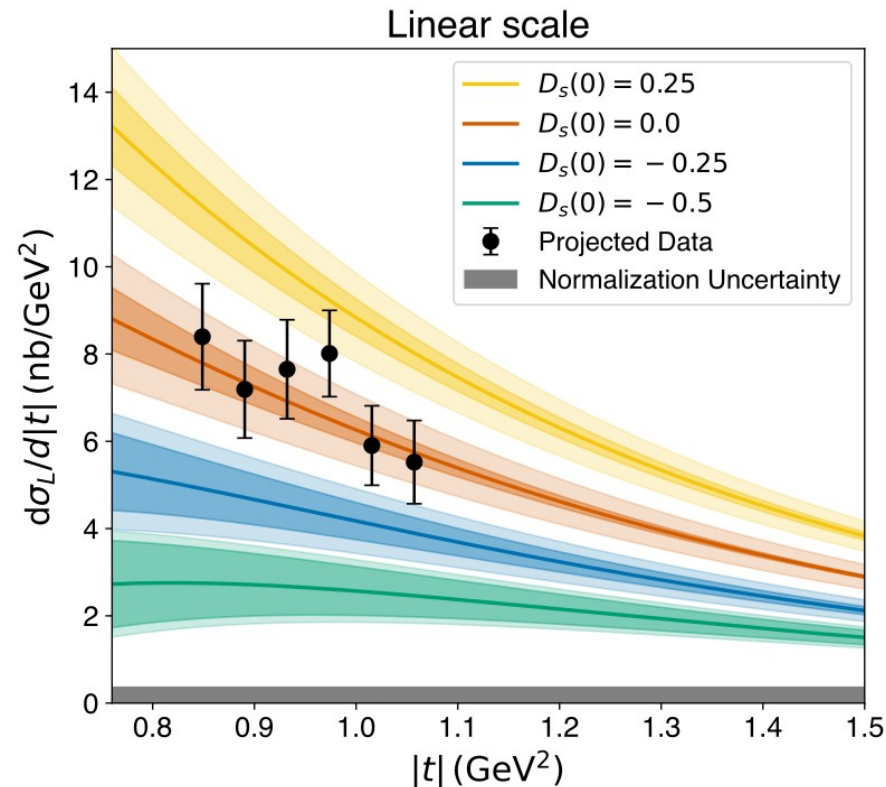
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 - Measurement of $H(e, e'_{\text{SMHS}} p_{\text{MHS}})\phi$ at $Q^2 = 3.4 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - ϕ atop a huge DIS background (DIS $\sim Q^{-4}$, $\phi \sim Q^{-9.5}$)
 - ϕ reconstruction demonstrated



Proposed Measurements at Jefferson Lab

Exclusive- ϕ Experiment with HMS/SHMS

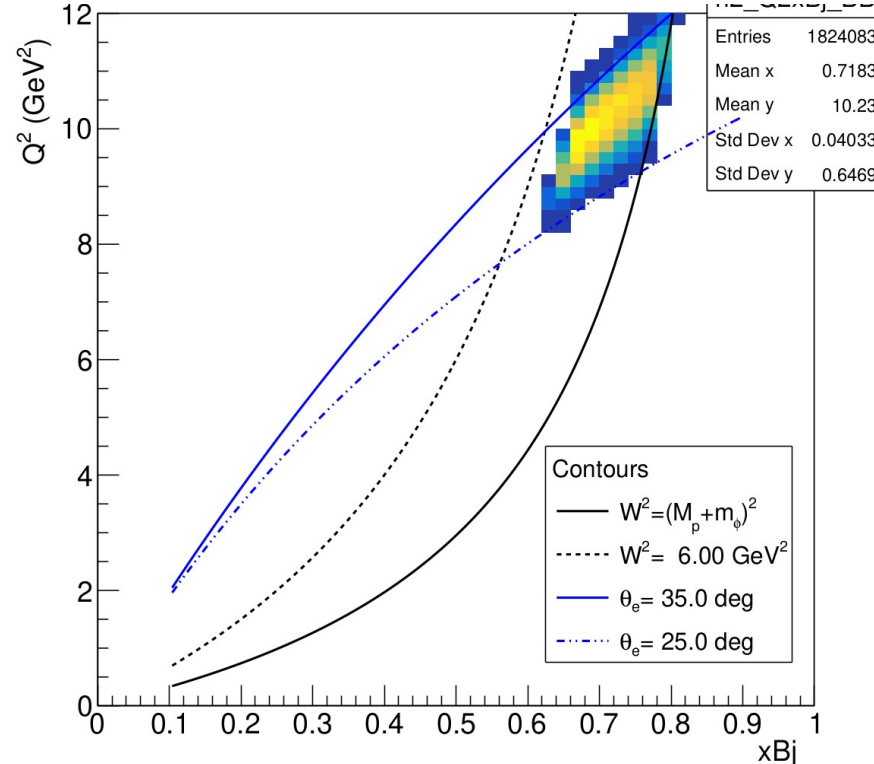
- eep- ϕ measurement E12-25-007 (H. Klest, S. Joosten, H. Szumila-Vance)
 - Measurement of $H(e, e'_{\text{SMHS}} p_{\text{MHS}})\phi$ at $Q^2 = 3.4 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - Projections for 32 days at 75 μA on 10 cm LH_2 target
 - Cross-section sensitive to D -term strangeness contribution
 - Approved by PAC53 with grade A-



Proposed Measurements at Jefferson Lab

Deepest- ϕ Experiment with SBS

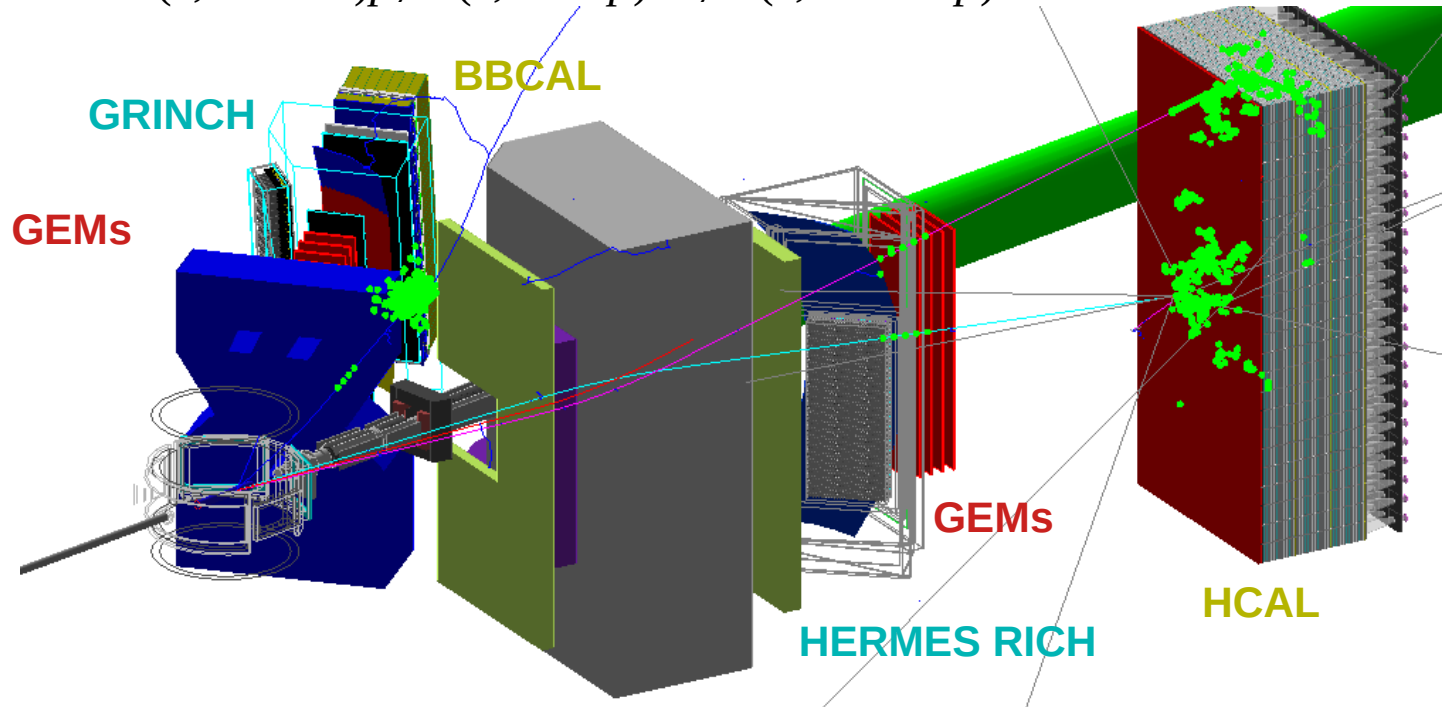
- Measurement of $ep \rightarrow e'p'(\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-)$ near threshold at $Q^2 = 9 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - goal: measure $R = \sigma_L/\sigma_T$, absolute σ_L , σ_T + 16 Spin Density Matrix Elements
 - Kinematics $8 \text{ GeV}^2 < Q^2 < 12 \text{ GeV}^2$, $(m_p + m_\phi)^2 < W^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2$, $t_0 - t < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - Perturbative scale $Q^2 + M_\phi^2 \geq 10 \text{ GeV}^2 \sim J/\psi$ at threshold $Q^2 + M_{J/\psi}^2 \geq 9.6 \text{ GeV}^2$
- LOI submitted to PAC 54: **LOI12-26-008** (C. Hyde, EF)



Deepest- ϕ Experiment with SBS

Experimental Setup

- LOI12-26-008 Measurement of $ep \rightarrow e'p'(\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-)$ near threshold at $Q^2 = 9 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - e' measured with BB at 30 degrees;
 - p', K^+, K^- measured with SBS at 14 degrees:
 - ◆ Near threshold $p', \phi \sim \text{co-linear}$
 - ◆ Large Q^2 , ϕ boosted forward, K^+K^- in small decay cone $\Rightarrow$ SBS
 - ◆ $H(e, e' K^+K^-)p$, $H(e, e' K^\pm p)K^\pm$, $H(e, e' K^+K^-p)$

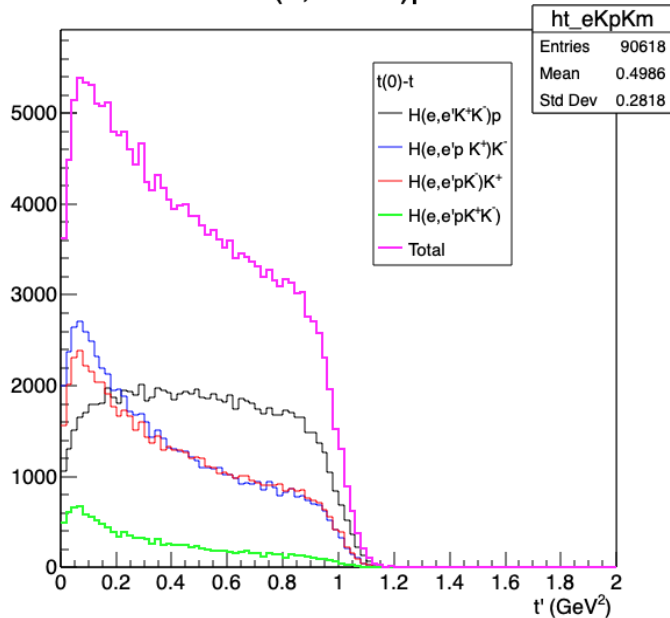


Deepest- ϕ Experiment with SBS

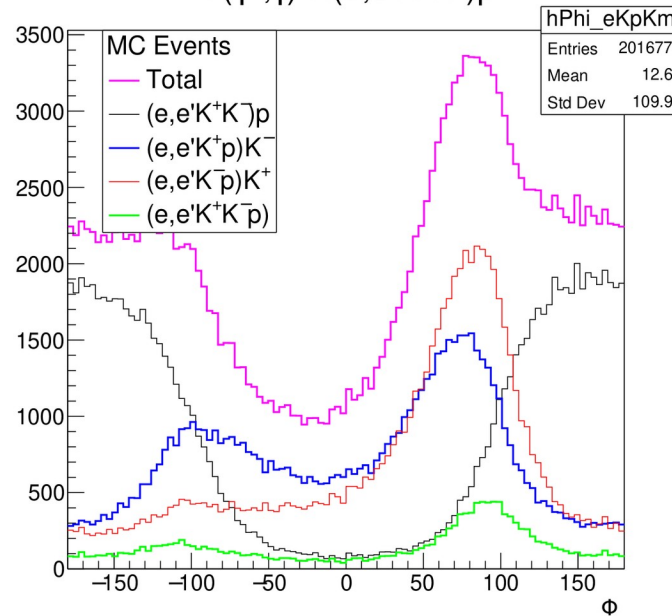
Experimental Setup

- Measurement of $ep \rightarrow e'p'(\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-)$ near threshold at $Q^2 = 9 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - Kinematics $8 \text{ GeV}^2 < Q^2 < 12 \text{ GeV}^2$, $(m_p + m_\phi)^2 < W^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2$, $t_0 - t < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - Acceptance for hadronic final state:
- MC smearing of tracks in BigBite, SBS
 - Resolution $\delta p/p = 1\%$ $\delta\theta = 1.5 \text{ mrad}$

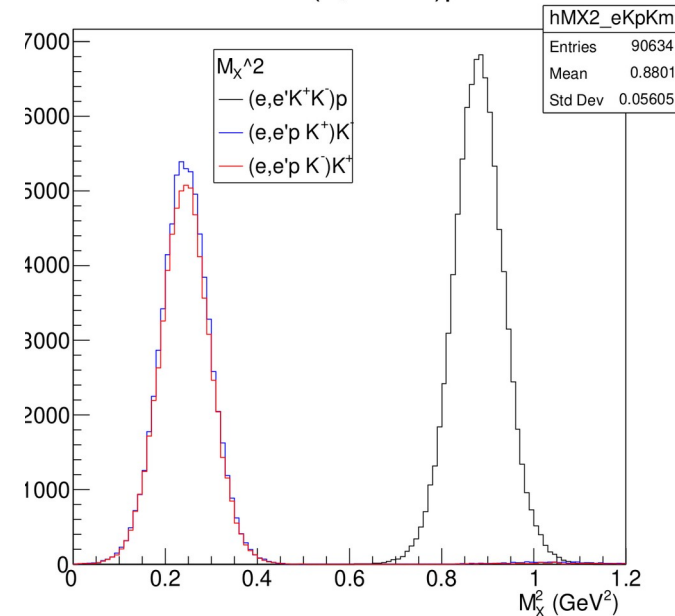
$t' (e, e'K^+K^-)p$



$\Phi(\gamma^*, \phi) H(e, e'K^+K^-)p$



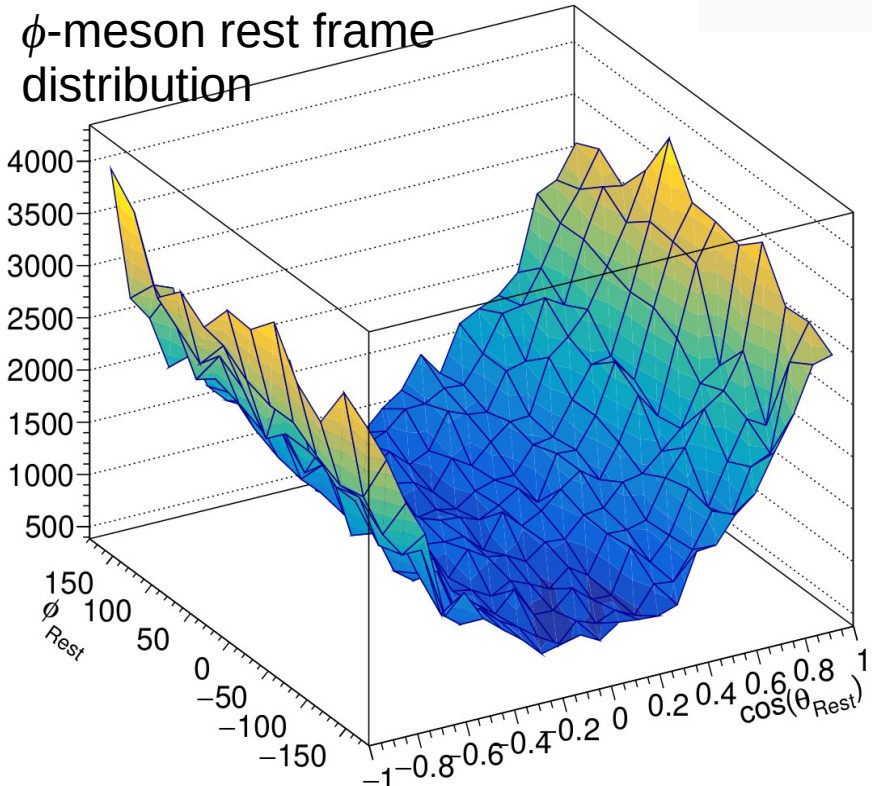
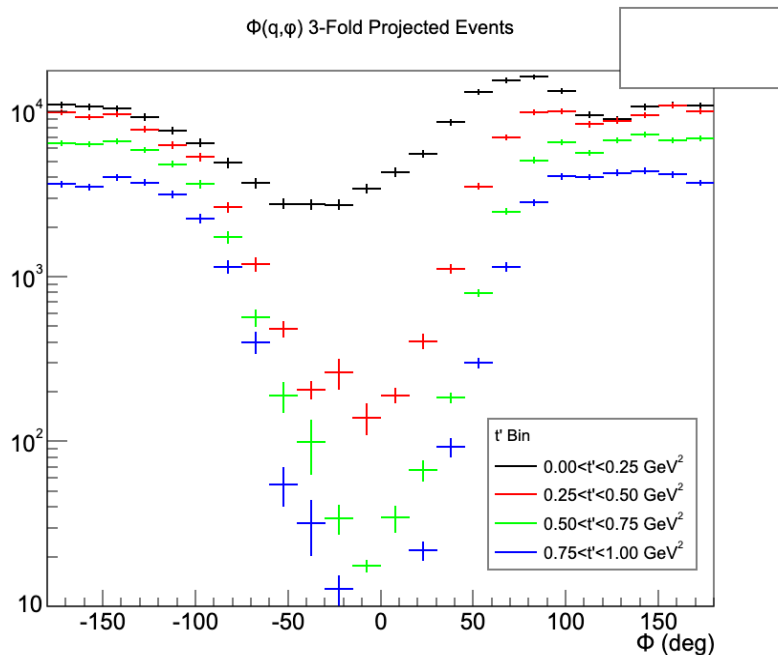
$MX2 (e, e'K^+K^-)p$



Deepest- ϕ Experiment with SBS

Experimental Setup

- Measurement of $ep \rightarrow e'p'(\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-)$ near threshold at $Q^2 = 9 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - Kinematics $8 \text{ GeV}^2 < Q^2 < 12 \text{ GeV}^2$, $(m_p + m_\phi)^2 < W^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2$, $t_0 - t < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - Projections: 40 days with $20 \mu\text{A}$ on 20cm LH_2
- Extraction of 16 SDME from harmonics in $\Phi_{\gamma^*\phi}$, $\theta_{\phi \rightarrow KK}$, $\varphi_{\phi \rightarrow KK}$
 - 9 SDME vanish in s -Channel Helicity Conservation $\Rightarrow$ test of SCHC

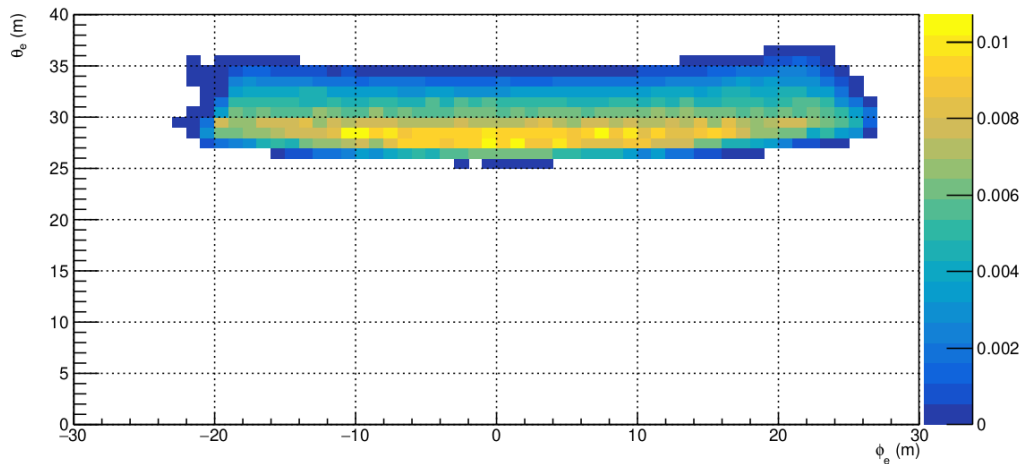


Deepest- ϕ Experiment with SBS

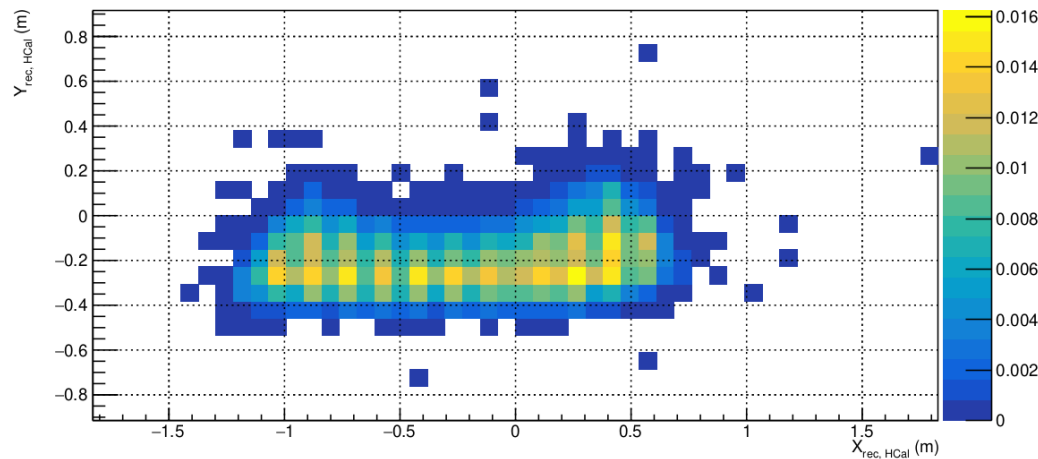
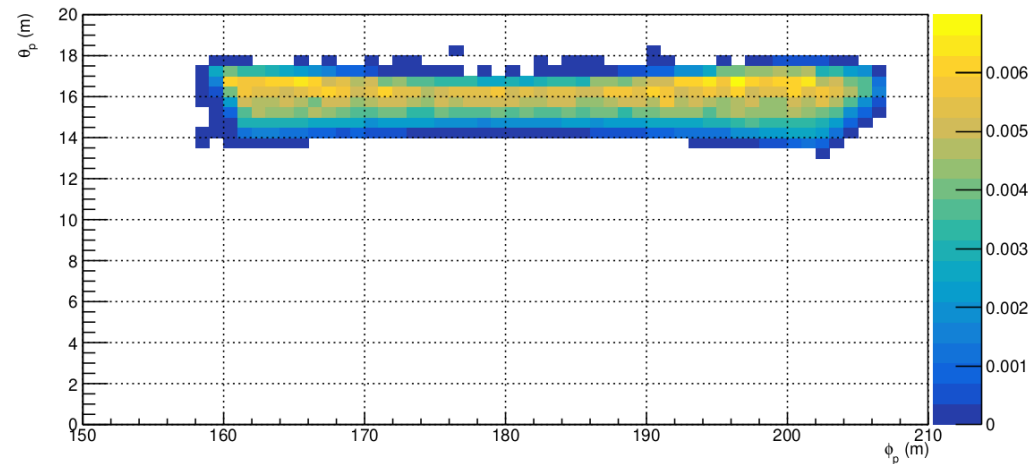
Experimental Challenges

- Measurement of absolute σ_L , σ_T might be challenging with SBS
 - $R = \sigma_L/\sigma_T$, SDME “only” requires knowledge of relative efficiency variation
 - Absolute efficiency can be estimated with elastics ep recorded during run;

Deep ϕ Elastic calibration, 6616249 H(e, e')p in 40 days, 20.0 μ A



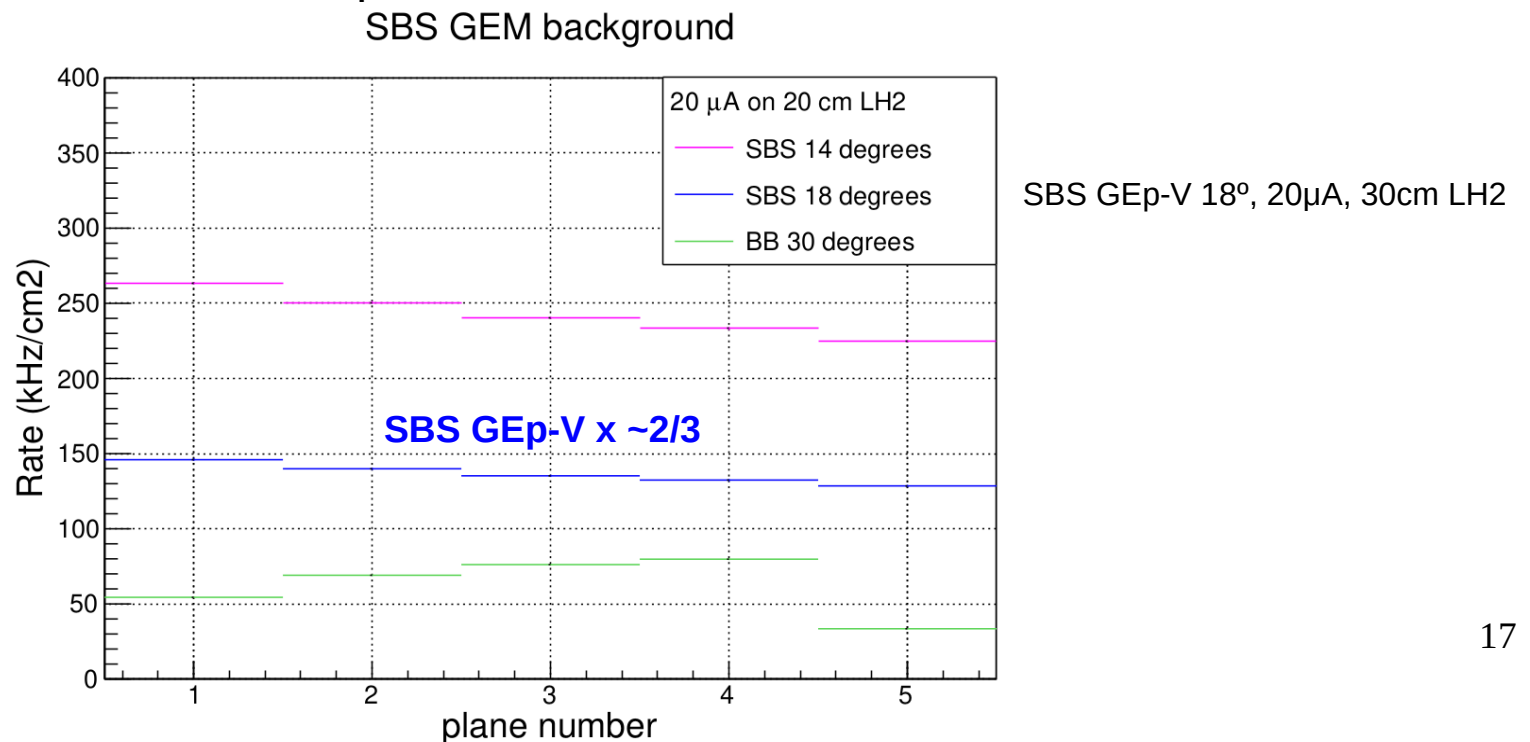
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Deepest- ϕ Experiment with SBS

Experimental Challenges

- Measurement of absolute σ_L , σ_T might be challenging with SBS
 - $R = \sigma_L/\sigma_T$, SDME “only” requires knowledge of relative efficiency variation
 - Absolute efficiency can be estimated with elastics ep recorded during run;
- Beam background conditions in trackers similar to SBS Gep-V
 - Tracking in SBS-GEP-V is extremely challenging
 - Major hardware developments shall be needed



Deepest- ϕ Experiment with SBS

Path to Full Proposal

- PAC recommendations:

“The physics case is interesting. The PAC recommends the proponents to proceed to a full proposal after the raised issues are carefully considered. When moving to the proposal stage, the proponents will need to show that the sixteen ϕ spin-density matrix elements can be measured with sufficient precision in the respective bins considering detector acceptance effects.”

- Other tasks for full proposal: semi-inclusive K^+ , K^- estimated with Pythia

- accidental $H(e, e' K^+ K^-)X$, $H(e, e' K^\pm p)X$ at exclusive limit;

- need evaluate accidentals factoring $\pi^\pm$ misidentified as $K^\pm$ by HERMES RICH

Summary

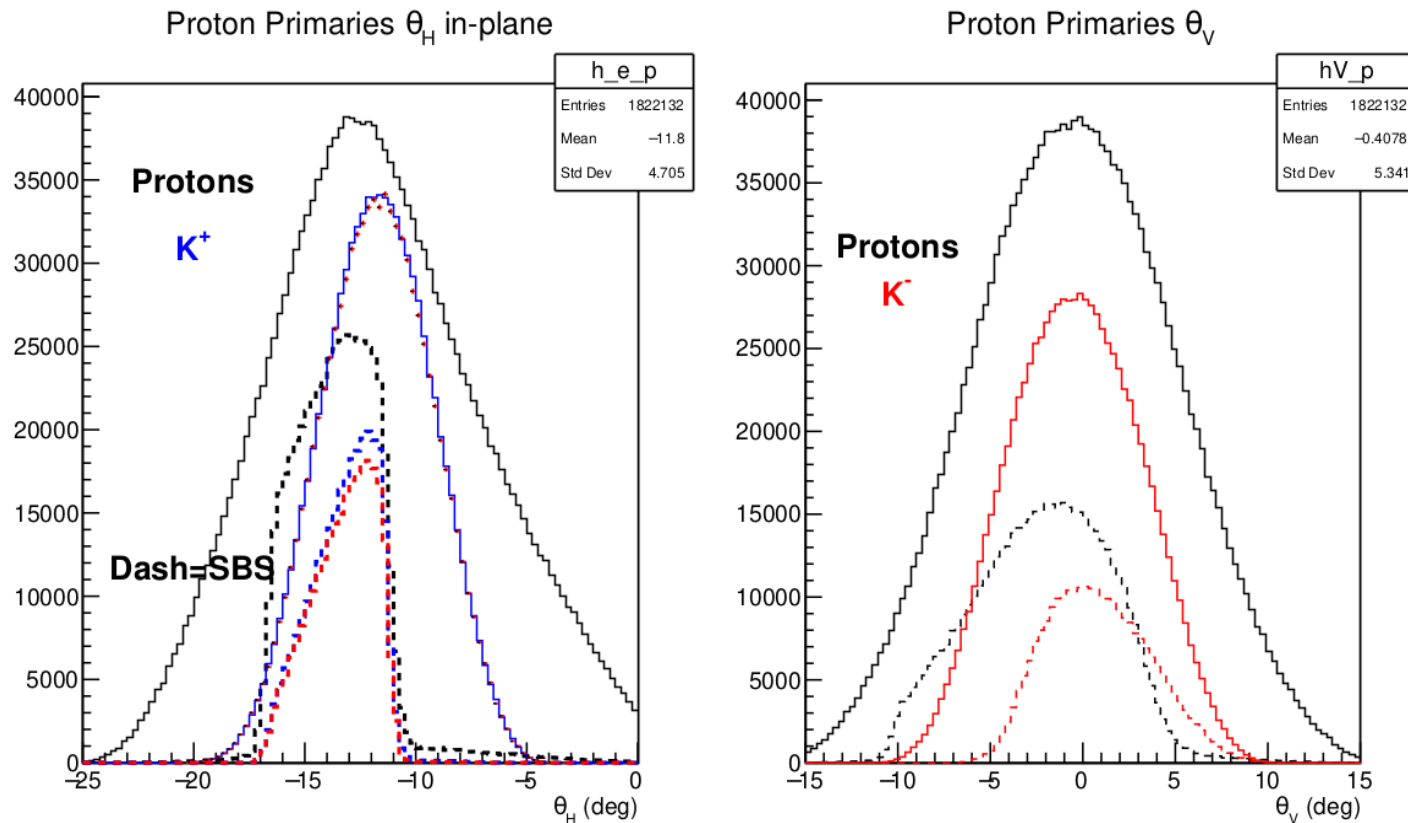
- Deeply Virtual ϕ Exclusive measurement
 - measure strangeness component of GFFs D -term
 - at high perturbative scales $\geq 10 \text{ GeV}^2$:
 - ◆ “universal” process expected for vector mesons i.e. similar to J/ψ
 - ◆ process also sensitive to gluons.
- Deep- ϕ E12-25-007 with HMS/SHMS
 - good sensitivity to strangeness contribution to D -term
 - *approved by PAC53, could run next year!*
- Deepest- ϕ LOI12-26-008 with SBS
 - Perturbative scale similar to J/ψ at threshold
 - ambitious goal to measure $R = \sigma_L/\sigma_T + \text{all SDME}$, test SCHC
 - encouraged by PAC54, focus on demonstrating feasibility

Back up

Deepest- ϕ Experiment with SBS

Experimental Setup

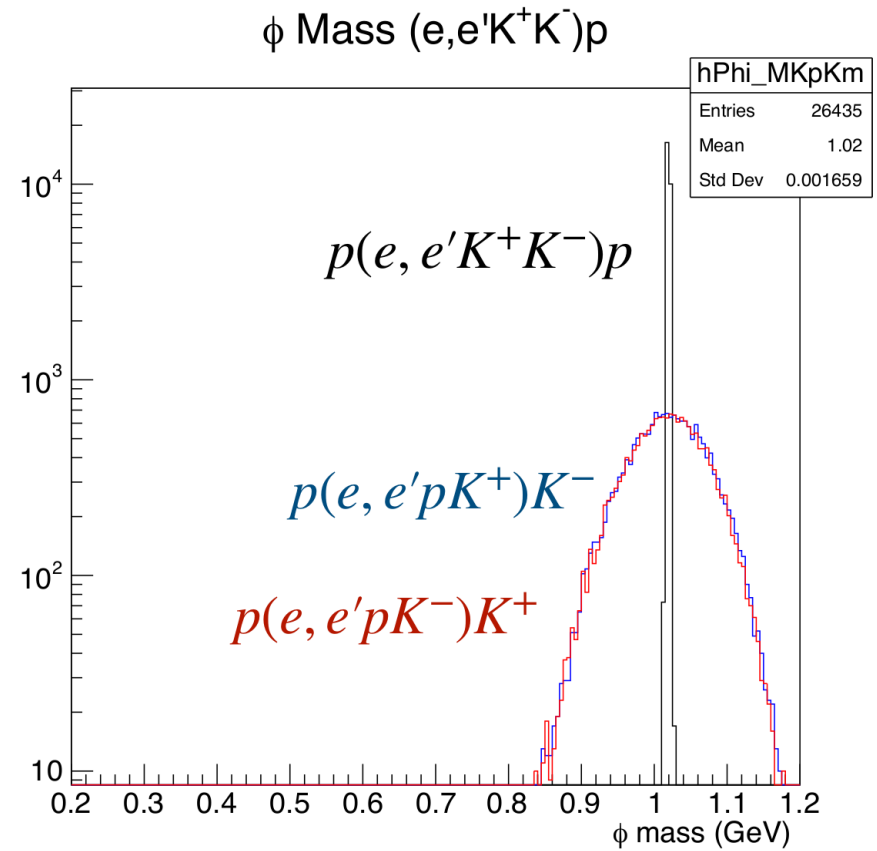
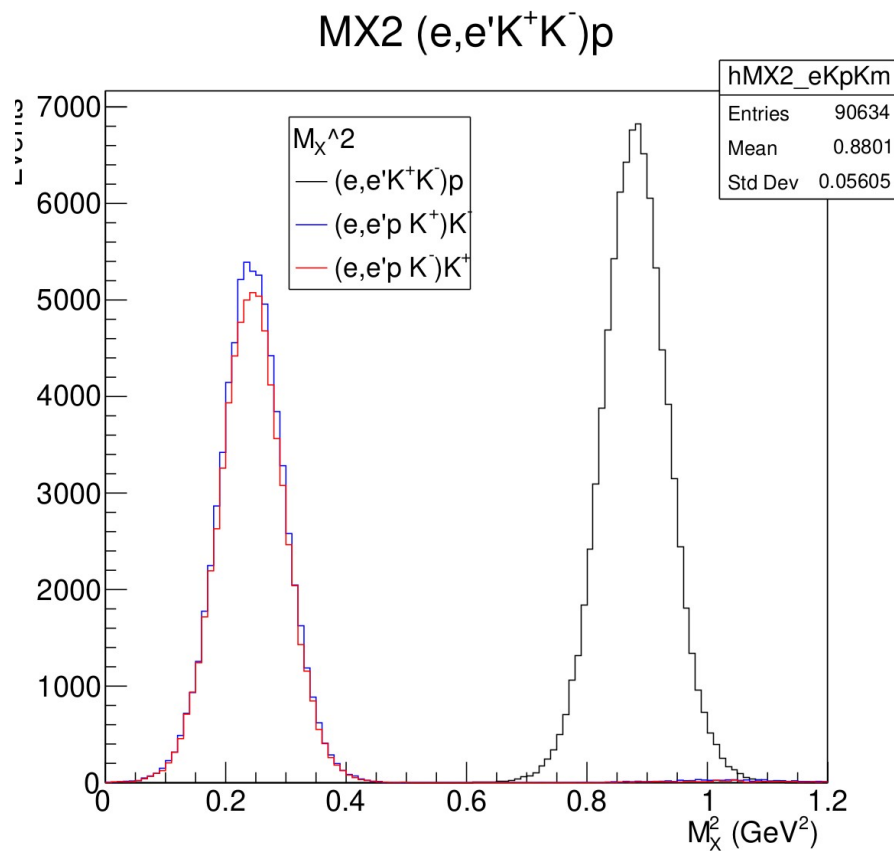
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Deepest- ϕ Experiment with SBS

Experimental Resolutions

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 - Resolution $\delta p/p = 1\%$ $\delta\theta = 1.5$ mrad



Deep- ϕ SDME

$$\begin{aligned}
 W(\Phi, \theta, \phi) = & \frac{3/(4\pi)}{1 + \epsilon R} \\
 & \left\{ \frac{1}{3} + \left(\rho_{00}^0 - \frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\frac{3}{2} \cos^2 \theta - \frac{1}{2} \right) - \sqrt{2} \Re [\rho_{10}^0] \sin(2\theta) \cos \phi - \rho_{1,-1}^0 \sin^2 \theta \cos(2\phi) \right. \\
 & - \epsilon \cos(2\Phi) \left[\rho_{11}^1 \sin^2 \theta + \rho_{00}^1 \cos^2 \theta - \sqrt{2} \Re [\rho_{10}^1] \sin(2\theta) \cos \phi - \rho_{1,-1}^1 \sin^2 \theta \cos(2\phi) \right] \\
 & - \epsilon \sin(2\Phi) \left[\sqrt{2} \Im [\rho_{10}^2] \sin(2\theta) \sin \phi + \Im [\rho_{1,-1}^2] \sin^2 \theta \sin(2\phi) \right] + \\
 & \epsilon R \left[\frac{1}{2} (1 - \rho_{00}^4) + \frac{1}{2} (3\rho_{00}^4 - 1) \cos^2 \theta - \sqrt{2} \Re \rho_{10}^4 \sin(2\theta) \cos \phi - \rho_{1,-1}^4 \sin^2 \theta \cos(2\phi) \right] \\
 & + \sqrt{2\epsilon R(1 + \epsilon)} \cos \Phi \\
 & \left[\rho_{11}^5 \sin^2 \theta + \rho_{00}^5 \cos^2 \theta + \sqrt{2} \Re [\rho_{10}^5] \sin(2\theta) \cos \phi - \rho_{1,-1}^5 \sin^2 \theta \cos(2\phi) \right] \\
 & \left. \sqrt{2\epsilon R(1 + \epsilon)} \sin \Phi \left[\sqrt{2} \Im [\rho_{10}^6] \sin(2\theta) \sin(\phi) + \Im [\rho_{1,-1}^6] \sin^2 \theta \sin(2\phi) \right] \right\} \quad (
 \end{aligned}$$