

# MUON PHYSICS AT NuFACT 2012 (WG4)

Opening Summary

RHB, G. Signorelli, N. Saito

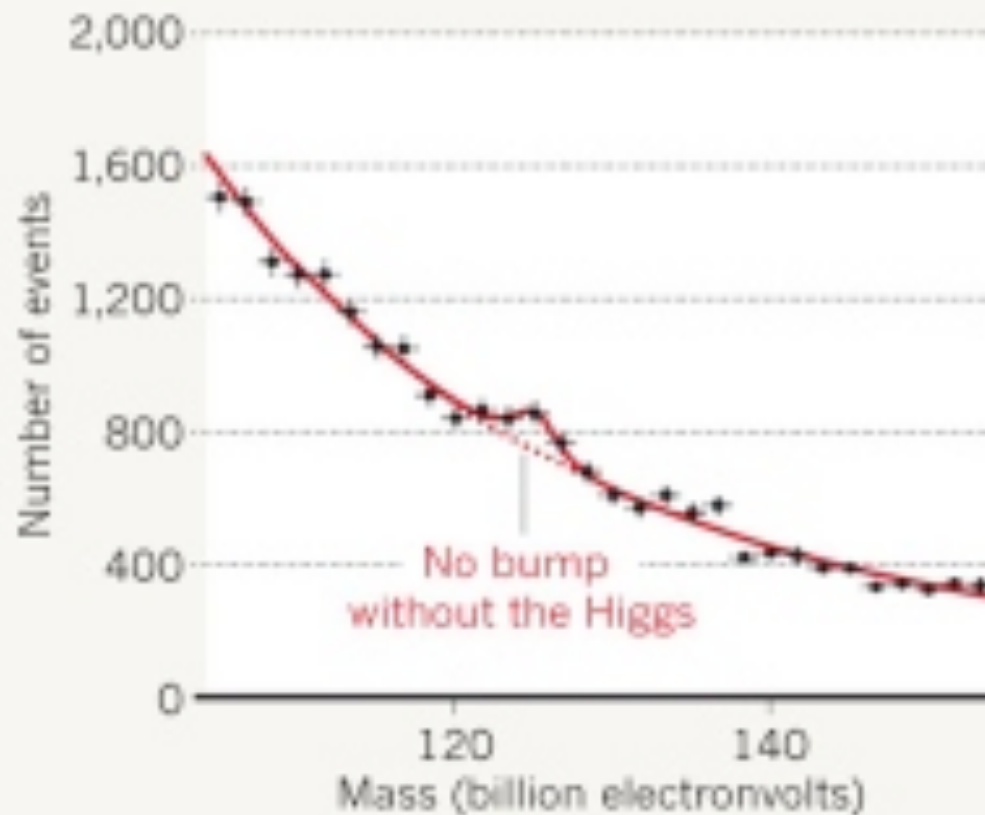


R. Bernstein, G. Signorelli, N. Saito  
NuFact 2012 WG4 Introduction

# Purpose: Solve this Puzzle

## BUMP OF DESTINY

The Higgs boson is most clearly seen by its decay into pairs of high-energy  $\gamma$  photons, indicating that it has a mass of around 125 gigaelectronvolts.



$\mu$

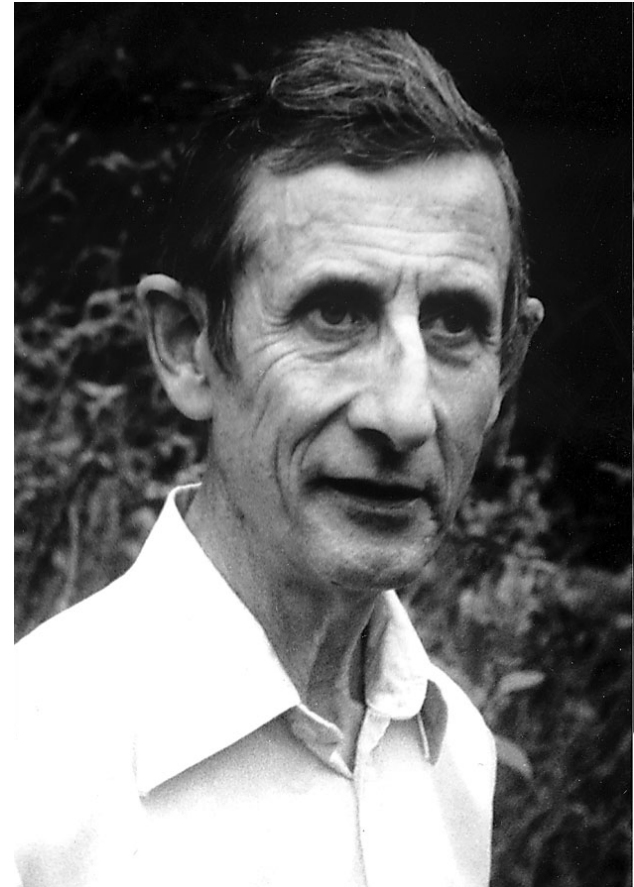
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# Precision Experiments Are Important! (at least from a survey of Nobel Prizes)

“The results of my survey are then as follows: four discoveries on the energy frontier, four on the rarity frontier, eight on the accuracy frontier. Only a quarter of the discoveries were made on the energy frontier, while half of them were made on the accuracy frontier. For making important discoveries, high accuracy was more useful than high energy.”

Freeman Dyson, review of *The Lightness of Being*, F. Wilczek



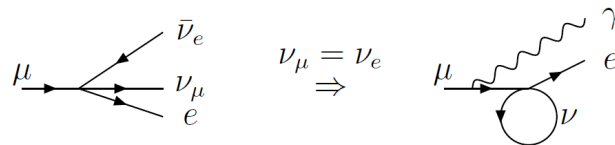
# Muons WG4: Goals

- **What upcoming measurements would benefit from the muon flux at a neutrino factory?**
  - cLFV and non-cLFV
    - $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ ,  $\mu \rightarrow 3e$ ,  $\mu N \rightarrow eN$  conversion,  $g-2$
  - Proton radius/Lamb shift
  - Muonium HFS
- **How good should the measurements be?**
  - “If you can measure something an order of magnitude better, you should just do it”  
– Jim Cronin
  - Most funding agencies and committees are not as smart as Cronin
    - Therefore we need theory guidance on what to try for!
  - Less flippantly, the large value of  $\theta_{13}$  is telling us something. We know cLFV and neutrino oscillations are connected, and both are connected to kaons and taus and  $g-2$  and EDMs. So we will hear about those too
  - (Calibbi, Gardner, Semertzidis in a joint WG1/2 Session Thursday AM)
- **What technologies do we need and how are they related to NuFACT?**



# Basic cLFV muon experiments

- Muon Decays:  $\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$  and  $\mu \rightarrow 3e$
- Muon Conversion:  $\mu N \rightarrow e N$ 
  - Coherent process off nucleus, enhancement  $\propto Z$ , monoenergetic electron
- These have been studied since the muon was identified, starting with Pontecorvo. One would expect  $\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$  to be of order  $10^{-4}$  from this process where the neutrino goes around a loop



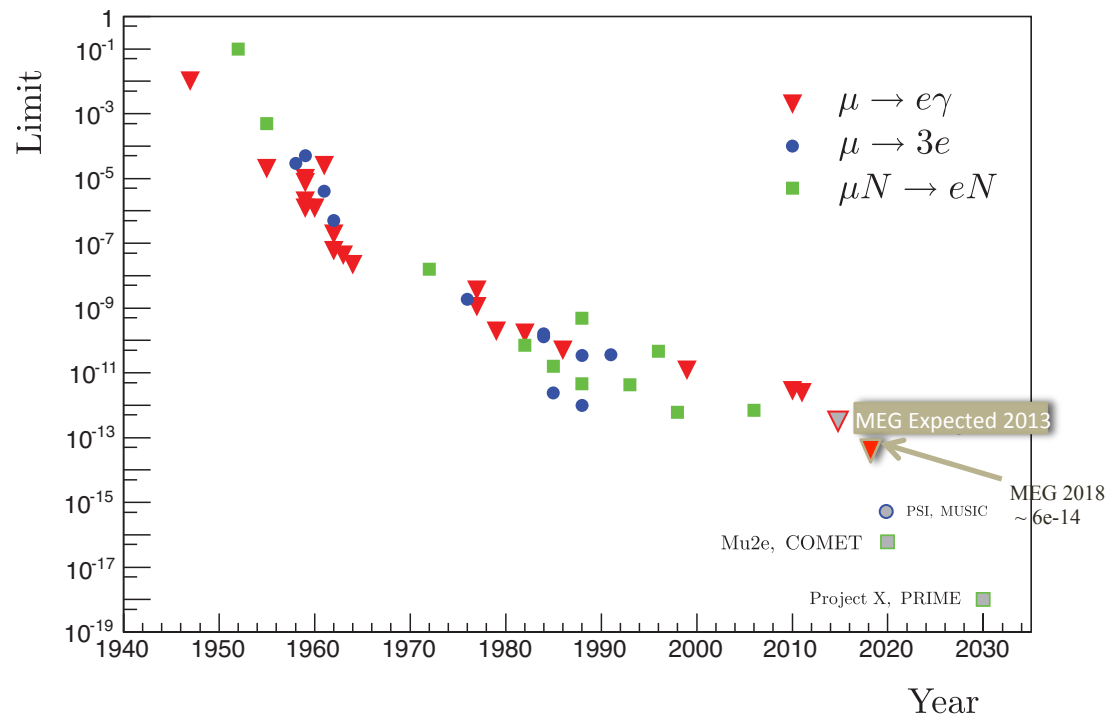
<sup>1</sup>Unless we are willing to give up the 2-component neutrino theory, we know that  $\mu \rightarrow e + \nu + \bar{\nu}$ .      Feinberg, 1958

- This problem led directly to the 1962 Lederman/Schwartz/Steinberger et al. two-neutrino experiment, so you can see cLFV and neutrinos are closely related

# cLFV Experiments

- cLFV in the Muon System

History of  $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ ,  $\mu N \rightarrow eN$ , and  $\mu \rightarrow 3e$



$10^4$   
improvement  
followed by  
additional  
X100 followed  
by...

# Shameless Plug for *my* cLFV experiment

- Mu2e Gets CD-1!

## Critical Decision 1, Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range for the Muon to Electron Conversion Experiment (Mu2e) Project

### Approval:

Based on the information presented above and at this review, Critical Decision-1, Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range, is approved and authorization is provided to proceed to initial construction.



W. F. Brinkman  
Director, Office of Science

7/11/12  
Date

CD Process



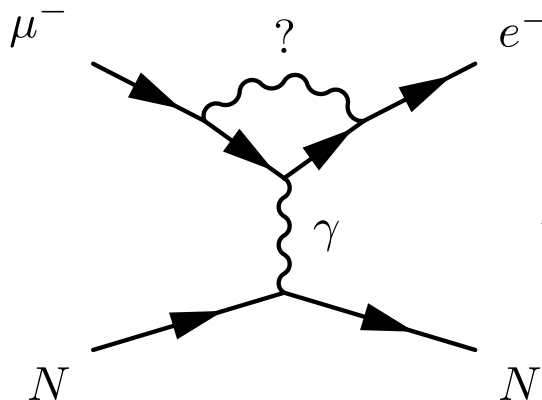
- With LBNE and g-2 to follow shortly

# cLFV for Dummies

- Very generically, “loops” and contact-terms

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{CLFV}} = \frac{m_\mu}{(\kappa + 1)\Lambda^2} \bar{\mu}_R \sigma_{\mu\nu} e_L F^{\mu\nu} + \frac{\kappa}{(\kappa + 1)\Lambda^2} (\bar{u}_L \gamma^\mu u_L + \bar{d}_L \gamma^\mu d_L)$$

“Loops”

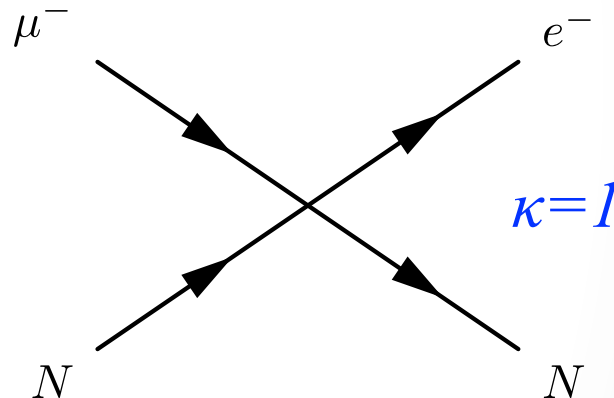


mass scale  $\Lambda$   
 $\kappa$

Supersymmetry and Heavy Neutrinos

Contributes to  $\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$

“Contact Terms”



New Particles at High Mass Scale (leptoquarks, heavy Z,...)

Does not produce  $\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$

New version, A. de Gouvea

- 

$\Lambda$  (TeV)

$\Lambda$  (TeV)

Mu2e at PX, PRISM/PRIME

$B(\mu \rightarrow e \text{ conv in } ^{27}\text{Al}) = 10^{-18}$

Mu2e, COMET

$B(\mu \rightarrow e \text{ conv in } ^{27}\text{Al}) = 10^{-16}$

$B(\mu \rightarrow e \gamma) = 10^{-13}$

$B(\mu \rightarrow e \gamma) = 10^{-14}$

SINDRUM-II at PSI (2006)

MEG at PSI (now!)

EXCLUDED (90% CL)

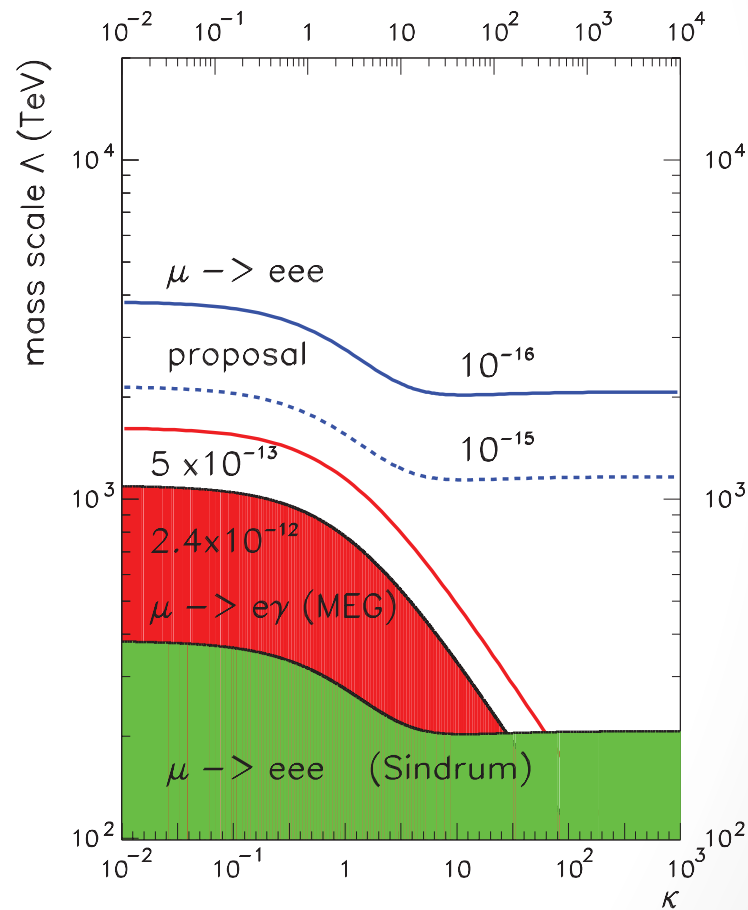
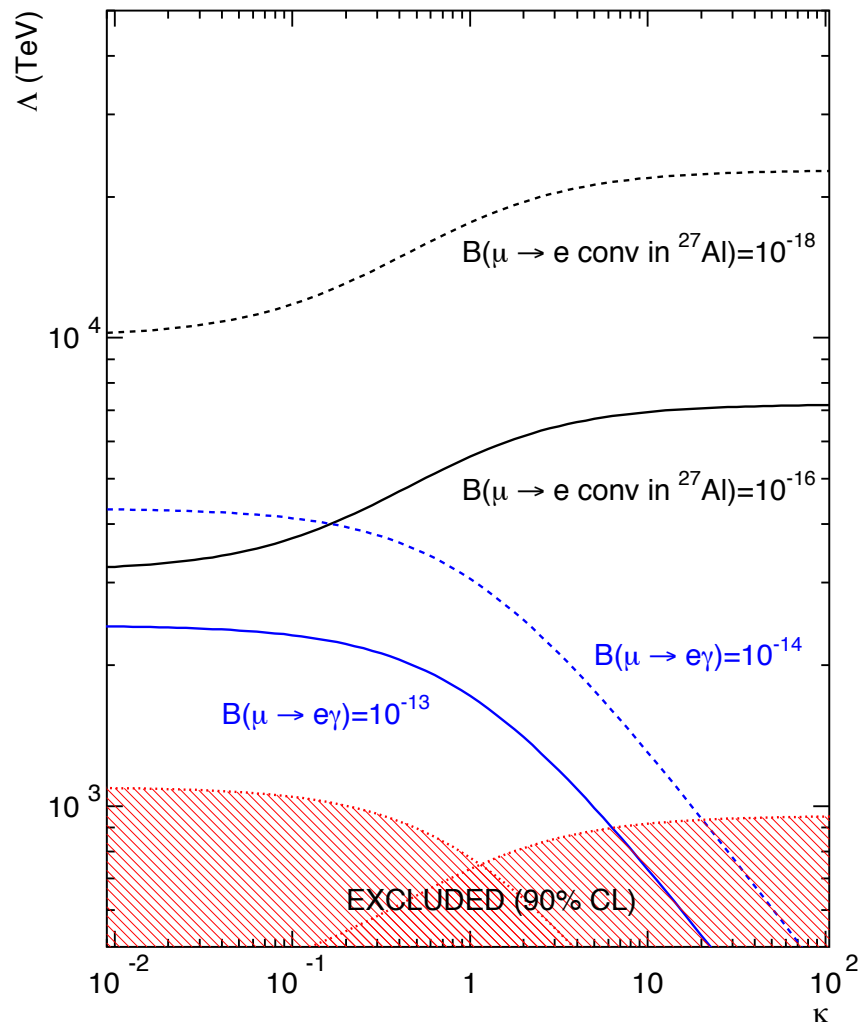
$K$

$K$

X10 In Mass scale

# $\mu \rightarrow 3e$ , $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ and $\mu e$ conversion

- All are probing  $>1000 \text{ TeV}/c^2$  mass scales





# cLFV Talks

- *What is the State of the Art and How Can We Advance It?*
  - $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$  How far can MEG be advanced?
    - What are the right methods?
      - Convert the photon?
        - Better resolution, lower rate
      - Use EM Calorimetry
        - Worse resolution than tracking
  - $\mu \rightarrow 3e$
  - PSI LOI: active pixel tracker surrounding a target. Very similar reach to Mu2e but sensitivity to physics different!
- Baracchini, Tuesday 2PM and DeJongh, Wed 5PM
- Wiedner, Tuesday 5PM

[A novel experiment searching for the lepton flavour violating decay  \$\mu \rightarrow eee\$](#)

[http://www.physi.uni-heidelberg.de/Forschung/he/mu3e/documents/LOI\\_Mu3e\\_PSI.pdf](http://www.physi.uni-heidelberg.de/Forschung/he/mu3e/documents/LOI_Mu3e_PSI.pdf)

# cLFV Talks, continued

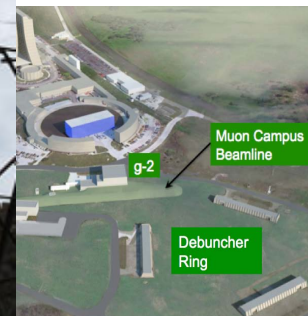
- $\mu N \rightarrow e N$ 
  - Growing program in US and Japan:
    - Mu2e at FNAL
    - MUSIC/COMET
    - Intermediate Experiments: DeeMe and COMET Phase I
  - “Extinction” in muon-electron conversion: “bursts and nothing in-between” at  $10^{-10}$  or better
    - Need to improve for future experiments: neutrino factory or FNAL Project X beams
  - For additional x100 beyond, require new muon beams with small momentum bite
  - To reduce pion contamination, technology of FFAGs or HCC or...
- *And in the tau system: competitive and getting more so: BELLE-II and SuperB*
- Hungerford, 2:35 Tuesday
- Sato, 3:30 Tuesday
- Aoki, Wed 3:00PM
- Kasper, 3:10 Tuesday
- Ankenbrandt, 9:00 AM Wed
- Luo, Blackmore, Pasternak Joint WG1/4 Wed AM
- Hayasaka, 2PM Wed

# Future Facilities for Muon Physics

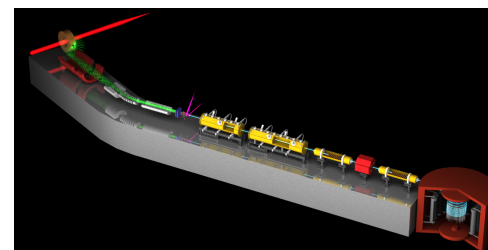
- Project X at FNAL: 1->3->8 GeV proton beams
    - Enough protons for cLFV program with multiple experiments running simultaneously with neutrinos and kaons
    - Also see Project X Summer Study: <https://indico.fnal.gov/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=5276>
  - J-PARC Program
    - Many similar physics topics to Project X
    - Will hear about several experiments discussed throughout NuFACT
  - PSI has upgrades planned as well, will hear about upgrades in mu->3e talk
- Tschirhart, Thursday 2:30 PM
  - Ikedo, Tuesday 5:30 PM
  - Wiedner, Tuesday 5PM

# g-2: what's next?

- Progress
- Current e
  - Uncert of 0.46
  - Propos
    - And Stu
- Status and plans. Run at FNAL in next 5 years (Miller, Wed 3:30)
  - What can be done next?
  - Run negatives (systematics and CPT?)
- Different, innovative method: cold g-2: (Tomono, wed 5:45)
  - Input: MuHFS: (Mibe, Wed 4:30)
  - Different systematics!



Surface muon beam for cold g-2



# Next-Generation *Muon EDM*

$$H = -\vec{\mu} \cdot \vec{B} - \vec{d} \cdot \vec{E} \quad \vec{\mu}, \vec{d} \parallel \vec{\sigma}$$

	E	B	$\mu$ or $d$
P	-	+	+
C	-	-	-
T	+	-	-

$$\vec{d} = \eta \frac{q}{2mc} \vec{s} \quad \vec{\mu} = g \frac{q}{2m} \vec{s}$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\omega_a^2 + \omega_\eta^2}$$

$$\vec{\omega}_{\alpha\eta} = -\frac{Qe}{m} \left[ a_\mu \vec{B} + \left( a_\mu - \left( \frac{m}{p} \right)^2 \right) \frac{\vec{\beta} \times \vec{E}}{c} \right] - \eta \frac{Qe}{2m} \left[ \frac{\vec{E}}{c} + \vec{\beta} \times \vec{B} \right]$$

- Assuming CPT, a non-zero  $d$  implies non-CKM CP violation
  - Huge physics payoff
- Current muon limit  $\sim 2 \times 10^{-19}$
- Need a new method (“frozen-spin”)
- Choose radial E field to cancel all but  $\eta$  term, and spin will precess  $\rightarrow$  EDM to  $10^{-24}$  e-cm

Gardner, Thurs 9:30 joint WG1

# Proton Charge Radius

- Charge Radius of Proton Extracted from Muonic Hydrogen:
  - R. Pohl et al., Nature 466, 213 (2010)
- Radius  $5\sigma$  from the measurement in regular hydrogen



	$r_p^E$ (fm)	Error
Muonic Lamb Shift	0.84184	0.00067
Electron Lamb Shift	0.8768	0.0069
Electron scattering	0.879	$\sim 0.008$

- Electrons agree, muons disagree
  - How good is the extraction from scattering measurement? Paz and Hill, <http://arxiv.org/pdf/1008.4619.pdf>
- New forces? (Hill, Tuesday 12:30 PM )
- Low energy muon beams in scattering experiments and/or muonic atoms, both natural territory for PX

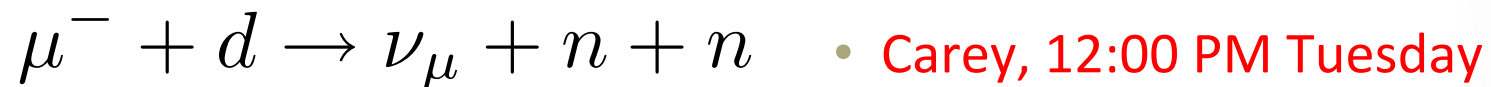
*Electron Lamb Shift:* J. C. Bernauer et al. [A1 Collaboration], Phys. Rev. Lett. 105, 242001 (2010).

*Scattering:* P. J. Mohr, B.N. Taylor and D. B. Newell, Rev. Mod. Phys. 80, 633 (2008)



# Other Physics

- MuSun: measure the rate



• Carey, 12:00 PM Tuesday

to better than 1.5%, x10  
better than existing

- Part of the MuLan,  
MuCap series at PSI

**"Calibrating the Sun" via Muon Capture on the Deuteron**

**"MuSun"**

$\mu + d \rightarrow n + n + \nu$

model-independent connection via EFT &  $L_{1A}$

**Goal**

total  $\mu d$  capture rate to 1% precision

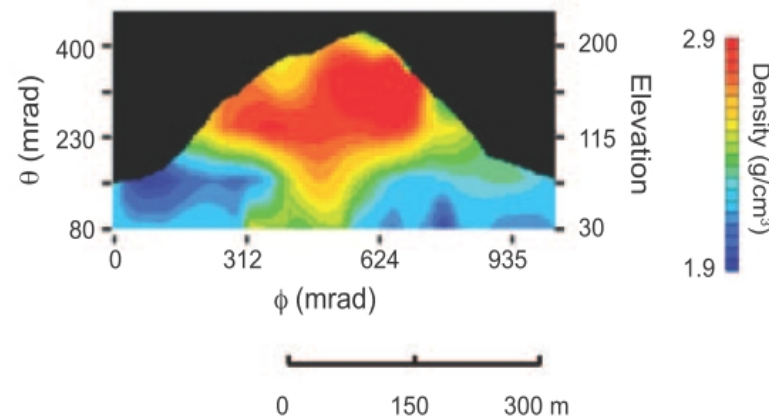
**Motivation**

- first precise measurement of basic EW reaction in 2N system, **benchmark measurement with 10x higher precision**
- Impact on fundamental astrophysics reactions (SNO, pp)
- comparison of modern high precision calculations
- high precision feasible by  $\mu$ Cap technique and careful optimization <sup>14</sup>

# Other Physics

- Muon Tomography
- Looking for minerals: (Bryman, Tuesday 11:00AM)
- Looking inside volcanoes with muons (Miyamoto, Tuesday 11:30 AM)

Using your PhD  
for more than running ntuples



# Beams and Solenoids

- What is the status of cooling and how does the technology enable non-muon collider experiments?
  - PRISM/PRIME/HCCs/Other
- Would a next-generation muon-to-electron conversion experiment work with current technology?
  - Examine Mu2e design
  - Examine simulations of radiation damage to superconductors in Mu2e context
    - What can we learn, or not learn, from Mu2e studies?
- Berg, Roblin, Stratakis, Maloney, Friday AM (Joint WG3)
- Lamm, Friday 10 AM
- Pronskikh, Friday 10:30 AM (Joint WG3)

# Summary

- Muon experiments can address some of the most interesting questions in our field;
- We need more intense muon beams of the sort that could be provided at a neutrino factory;
- There is much overlap in the technologies of neutrino factories, muon colliders, and experiments discussed at this workshop. Upcoming experiments are already helping to develop the technology;
- The worldwide muon program is gathering momentum and becoming stronger; at least the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> derivatives are positive!